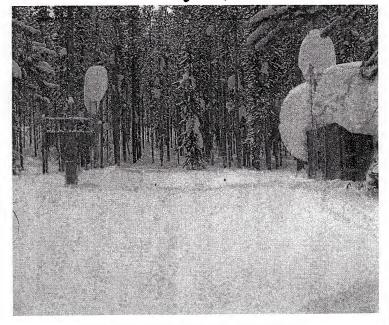


Natural Resources Conservation Service

Montana Water Supply Outlook Report February 1, 2011



Picture: Madison Plateau SNOTEL Site near West Yellowstone

Water Supply Outlook Report



and Federal - State - Private Cooperative Snow Surveys

For more water supply and resource management information, contact:

Water Supply Specialist Federal Building 10 East Babcock, Room 443 Bozeman, MT 59715 or Phone 406-587-6991

How forecasts are made

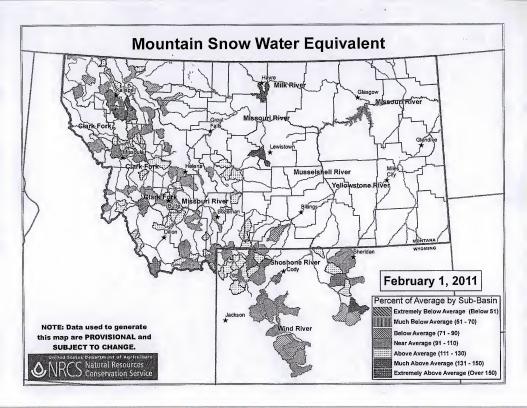
Most of the annual streamflow in the Western United States originates as snowfall that has accumulated high in the mountains during winter and early spring. As the snowpack accumulates, hydrologists estimate the runoff that will occur when it melts. Predictions are based on careful measurements of snow water equivalent at selected index points. Precipitation, temperature, soil moisture and antecedent streamflow data are combined with snowpack data to prepare runoff forecasts. Streamflow forecasts are coordinated by Natural Resources Conservation Service and National Weather Service hydrologists. This report presents a comprehensive picture of water supply conditions for areas dependent upon surface runoff. It includes selected streamflow forecasts, summarized snowpack and precipitation data, reservoir storage data, and narratives describing current conditions.

Snowpack data are obtained by using a combination of manual and automated SNOTEL measurement methods. Manual readings of snow depth and water equivalent are taken at locations called snow courses on a monthly or semi-monthly schedule during the winter. In addition, snow water equivalent, precipitation and temperature are monitored on a daily basis and transmitted via meteor burst telemetry to central data collection facilities. Both monthly and daily data are used to project snowmelt runoff.

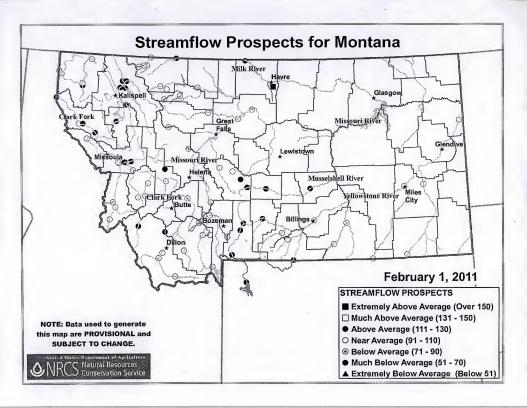
Forecast uncertainty originates from two sources: (1) uncertainty of future hydrologic and climatic conditions, and (2) error in the forecasting procedure. To express the uncertainty in the most probable forecasts, four additional forecasts are provided. The actual streamflow can be expected to exceed the most probable forecasts 50% of the time. Similarly, the actual streamflow volume can be expected to exceed the 90% forecast volume 90% of the time. The same is true for the 70%, 30%, and 10% forecasts. Generally, the 90% and 70% forecasts reflect drier than normal hydrologic and climatic conditions; the 30% and 10% forecasts reflect wetter than normal conditions. As the forecast season progresses, a greater portion of the future hydrologic and climatic uncertainty will become known and the additional forecasts will move closer to the most probable forecast.

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RIVER INDEX & SWSI VALUES Surface Water Supply Index (SWSI) Values 1 Marias above Tiber Reservoir 0.0 2 Tobacco 0.9 3 Kootenai Ft, Steele to Libby Dam 0.7 4 Kootenal below Libby Dam 2 5 Fisher 1.4 6 Yaak 0.5 7 North FK, Flathead 1.9 8 Middle FK, Flathead 1.7 9 South FK, Flathead 3.7 TibertReservoi) 10 Flathead at Columbia Falls Glasgow 12 Swan 3.0 13 Flathead at Polson 1.7 14 Mission Valley 2.8 33 15 Little Bitterroot 16 Clark Fork above Militown Missouri Rive 17 Blackfoot 2.3 18 Clark Fork above Missoula Falls 6 19 Bitterroot 0.9 20 Clark Fork River below Bitterroot 1. 21 Clark Fork River below Flathead 1.7 Lewistown 22 Beaverhead 1.4 23 Ruby 1.3 24 Big Hole 1.5 25 Boulder (Jefferson) 0.1 Musselshell River 26 Jefferson 1.9 27 Madison 0.6 Sor Yellowstone Riv 28 Gallatin 1.1 29 Missouri above Canyon Ferry 0.7 30 Missouri below Canyon Ferry 0.6 31 Smith 2.5 32 Sun -0.4 33 Teton 0.7 34 Birch/Dupuyer Creeks 0.8 35 Marias 20 36 Musselshell 2.2 37 Missouri above Fort Peck 1.0 38 Missouri below Fort Peck 0.9 39 Milk 2.2 40 Dearborn near Craig -0.3 41 Yellowstone above Livingston 1.8 42 Shields 2.5 Extremely Dry -4.0 to -3.0 43 Boulder (Yellowstone) 2.2 44 Stillwater 0.6 Moderately Dry -2.9 to -2.0 45 Rock/Red Lodge Creeks -0.9 46 Clarks Fork Yellowstone 2.4 Slightly Dry -1.9 to -1.0 47 Yellowstone above Bighorn River 1.7 **February 1, 2011** 48 Bighorn below Bighorn Lake -2.0 49 Little Bighorn 0.2 Near Average -0.9 to 0.9 50 Yellowstone below Bighorn 0.0 51 Tonque 1.6 Slightly Wet 1.0 to 1.9 52 Powder 1.3 53 Upper Judith 3.3 54 Saint Mary 1.9 Moderately Wet 2.0 to 2.9 NOTE: Data used to generate nited Statos Department of Apriculture this map are PROVISIONAL and Extremely Wet 3.0 to 4.0 Natural Resources SUBJECT TO CHANGE. Conservation Service SWSI Not Applicable



SNOW COURSE AND SNOTEL SITE DATA FEBRUARY 2011

SNOW COURSE	ELEVATION	DATE	SNOW DEPTH	WATER CONTENT	LAST YEAR	AVERAGE 71-00
 ALBRO LAKE SNOTEL	8300	2/01/11	40	9.8	11.7	13.1
ASHLEY DIVIDE	4820	1/27/11	27	7.4	2.7	5.1
ASHLEY LAKE	4000	1/27/11	28	4.8	2.1	4.4
BADGER PASS SNOTEL	6900	2/01/11	71	22.0	18.8	22.3
BANFIELD MTN SNOTEL	5600	2/01/11	45	11.3	7.5	13.3
BARKER LAKES SNOTEL	8250	2/01/11	34	8.4	11.4	9.2
BASIN CREEK SNOTEL	7180	2/01/11	22	5.1	4.4	4.9
BEAGLE SPGS SNOTEL	8850	2/01/11	31	7.2	6.8	5.5
BEAVER CREEK SNOTEL	7850	2/01/11	54	15.3	8.4	11.5
BISSON CREEK SNOTEL	4920	2/01/11	44	11.4	6.2	6.8
BLACK BEAR SNOTEL	7950	2/01/11	86	29.2	18.3	25.6
BLACK PINE SNOTEL	7100	2/01/11	34	8.9	5.4	8.0
BLACKTAIL	5650	1/29/11	44	12.8	6.6	9.6
BLOODY DICK SNOTEL	7550	2/01/11	34	8.9	5.1	8.4
BOULDER MIN SNOTEL	7950	2/01/11	53	14.2	12.6	13.4
BOX CANYON SNOTEL	6700	2/01/11	32	8.5	3.9	6.7
	5100	2/01/11		10.0E	3.2	5.2
BOXELDER CREEK	7320	2/01/11	49	15.8	12.2	13.3
BRACKETT CR SNOTEL				4.1	2.7	4.0
BURNT MTN SNOTEL	5880	2/01/11	15			
CALVERT CR SNOTEL	6430	2/01/11	32	7.9	3.6	5.9
CARROT BASIN SNOTEL	9000	2/01/11	65	18.7	13.8	18.1
CHESSMAN RESERVOIR	6200	1/26/11	15	3.0	2.3	2.5
CHICKEN CREEK	4060	1/27/11	47	13.2	8.7	11.5
CLOVER MDW SNOTEL	8800	2/01/11	41	11.2	8.9	11.1
COLE CREEK SNOTEL	7850	2/01/11	31	7.1	8.8	9.8
COMBINATION SNOTEL	5600	2/01/11	12	3.8	3.1	3.4
COPPER BOTTOM SNOTE	L 5200	2/01/11	22	5.6	4.2	8.0
COPPER CAMP SNOTEL	6950	2/01/11	103	38.1	21.4	
COPPER MOUNTAIN	7700	1/29/11	30	6.1	6.0	7.0
COYOTE HILL	4200	1/28/11	27	8.1	4.3	7.3
CREVICE MOUNTAIN	8400	1/25/11	43	10.7	4.3	7.6
CRYSTAL LAKE SNOTEL	6050	2/01/11	46	12.7	12.7	8.1
DAISY PEAK SNOTEL	7600	2/01/11	32	7.1	7.6	6.7
DALY CREEK SNOTEL	5780	2/01/11	30	7.5	5.2	7.4
DARKHORSE LK. SNOTEL		2/01/11	78	24.1	17.1	20.4
DEADMAN CR SNOTEL	6450	2/01/11	37	9.0	6.7	7.1
DISCOVERY BASIN	7050	1/31/11	31	6.5	5.2	6.6
DIVIDE SNOTEL	7800	2/01/11	35	8.3	5.3	6.9
DIX HILL	6400	1/29/11	29	7.9	5.1	7.6
DUPUYER CREEK SNOTE		2/01/11	24	5.8	3.8	7.3
EMERY CREEK SNOTEL	4350	2/01/11	49	13.5	8.0	10.5
FISH CREEK	8000	1/28/11	26	6.6	6.2	5.8
FISHER CREEK SNOTEL	9100	2/01/11	85	26.5	17.0	23.8
			115	33.6	25.8	31.8
FLATTOP MTN SNOTEL	6300	2/01/11	23	5.4	4.5	5.0
FROHNER MDWS SNOTEL	6480	2/01/11				7.3
GARVER CREEK SNOTEL	4250	2/01/11	26	7.4	6.3	
GRAVE CRK SNOTEL	4300	2/01/11	44	12.6	9.2	11.7
HAND CREEK SNOTEL	5030	2/01/11	35	9.0	5.9	8.6
HAWKINS LAKE SNOTEL	6450	2/01/11	59	17.4	14.0	18.4
HEBGEN DAM	6550	1/26/11	39	8.0	3.4	8.2
HELL ROARING DIVIDE	5770	1/29/11	82	25.3	17.2	20.7
HERRIG JUNCTION	4850	1/27/11	62	18.8	13.7	18.1
HOLBROOK	4530	2/02/11	24	6.7	4.3	7.2
HOODOO BASIN SNOTEL	6050	2/01/11	93	31.1	15.2	30.1
INTERGAARD	6450	1/26/11	21	4.8	2.0	4.8
JOHNSON PARK	6450	2/03/11	22	4.9	4.6	3.9
KRAFT CREEK SNOTEL	4750	2/01/11	41	10.9	6.9	10.9
LAKEVIEW RDG. SNOTE		2/01/11	32	7.3	4.4	7.2
LEMHI RIDGE SNOTEL	8100	2/01/11	33	8.3	7.1	6.9
LICK CREEK SNOTEL	6860	2/01/11	28	6.6	5.1	7.4
LONE MOUNTAIN SNOTE		2/01/11	51	14.7	9.5	12.1

SNOW COURSE	ELEVATION	DATE	SNOW DEPTH	WATER CONTENT	LAST YEAR	AVERAGE 71-00
LOWER TWIN SNOTEL	7900	2/01/11	41	11.7	10.4	12.0
LUBRECHT SNOTEL	4680	2/01/11	19	5.0	3.1	4.2
LUBRECHT FOREST NO	3 5450	1/31/11	24	5.8	2.2	4.6
LUBRECHT FOREST NO		1/31/11	11	2.7	1.4	2.5
LUBRECHT FOREST NO		1/31/11	20	5.4	1.9	2.8
LUBRECHT HYDROPLOT	4200	1/31/11	24	6.1	2.5	4.2
MADISON PLT SNOTEL	7750	2/01/11	56 45	18.4 12.8	11.2 7.7	16.2 11.2
MANY GLACIER SNOTEL MARIAS PASS	4900 5250	2/01/11 1/27/11	40	11.7	6.7	11.7
MONUMENT PK SNOTEL	8850	2/01/11	61	17.4	10.9	14.2
MOSS PEAK SNOTEL	6780	2/01/11	113	36.4	25.0	24.6
MOULTON RESERVOIR	6850	1/28/11	26	5.8	4.1	5.2
MT LOCKHART SNOTEL	6400	2/01/11	52	15.3	9.9	14.2
MULE CREEK SNOTEL	8300	2/01/11	48	12.5	8.5	10.4
N.E. ENTRANCE SNOTE		2/01/11	33	8.8	3.9	7.7
NEVADA RIDGE SNOTEI		2/01/11	45	12.1	7.9	10.1
NEZ PERCE CMP SNOTE		2/01/11	34	10.0	6.0 3.0	9.9 4.3
NEZ PERCE CREEK	6600	1/28/11 2/01/11	22 42	4.1 10.3	5.2	8.0
N.F. ELK CR SNOTEL NF JOCKO SNOTEL	6250 6330	2/01/11	117	37.5	22.0	30.1
NOISY BASIN SNOTEL	6040	2/01/11	127	44.5	24.3	27.0
OPHIR PARK	7150	1/29/11	39	11.6	8.6	10.6
PETERSON MDW SNOTEI	7200	2/01/11	25	5.7	5.7	6.1
PICKFOOT CRK SNOTEI		2/01/11	33	8.2	6.2	7.9
PIKE CREEK SNOTEL	5930	2/01/11	44	12.9	7.9	17.8
PIPESTONE PASS	7200	1/28/11	16	3.0	2.6	3.2
PLACER BASIN SNOTE		2/01/11	49	13.5	9.9	11.7
POORMAN CR SNOTEL	5100	2/01/11	88	29.5	15.9	21.4 4.5
PORCUPINE SNOTEL ROCKER PEAK SNOTEL	6500 8000	2/01/11 2/01/11	22 39	5.4 10.3	3.4 8.3	9.1
ROCKER PEAK SNOTEL ROCKY BOY SNOTEL	4700	2/01/11	39	7.0	3.2	3.7
SACAJAWEA SNOTEL	6550	2/01/11	37	10.8	8.0	8.9
SADDLE MIN SNOTEL	7900	2/01/11	67	20.2	9.6	17.3
S.F. SHIELDS SNOTEI		2/01/11	44	12.0	9.8	10.7
SHORT CREEK SNOTEL	7000	2/01/11	21	4.7	2.8	3.9
SHOWER FALLS SNOTEI		2/01/11	53	14.9	12.2	14.0
SKALKAHO SNOTEL	7260	2/01/11	60	17.2	8.5	16.0
SLEEPING WOMAN SNIT		2/01/11	46	13.0	6.4	10.6
SPOTTED BEAR MIN. SPUR PARK SNOTEL	7000 8100	2/02/11 2/01/11	42 59	10.2 17.8	7.7 12.3	10.1 14.6
STAHL PEAK SNOTEL	6030	2/01/11	96	30.3	21.0	24.1
STORM LAKE	7780	1/31/11	34	7.1	7.7	8.3
STRYKER BASIN	6180	1/27/11	76	24.9	19.5	21.3
STUART MOUNTAIN SN	TL 7400	2/01/11	99	30.9	15.2	22.8
TAYLOR ROAD	4080	2/01/11		6.3E	3.2	2.6
TEN MILE LOWER	6600	1/26/11	24	4.3	3.7	4.7
TEN MILE MIDDLE	6800	1/26/11	28	6.2	6.1	7.1
TEPEE CREEK SNOTEL	8000 6840	2/01/11	39 25	10.2	6.8	8.5 6.5
TIZER BASIN SNOTEL TRINKUS LAKE	6100	2/01/11 2/02/11	111	5.0 38.5	22.2	26.6
TRUMAN CREEK	4060	1/27/11	16	4.8	1.8	3.5
TV MOUNTAIN	6800	2/02/11	55	17.4	7.1	11.8
TWELVEMILE SNOTEL	5600	2/01/11	36	10.6	7.0	12.8
TWENTY-ONE MILE	7150	1/31/11	41	11.7	5.9	11.1
TWIN LAKES SNOTEL	6400	2/01/11	85	28.5	15.0	27.5
UPPER HOLLAND LAKE	6200	2/02/11	80	24.8	14.7	23.7
WALDRON SNOTEL	5600	2/01/11	29	7.3	5.2	8.0
WARM SPRINGS SNOTED WEASEL DIVIDE	7800 5450	2/01/11 2/03/11	57 70	15.5 23.2	12.1 17.1	13.8 21.5
WEASEL DIVIDE WEST YELL'ST SNOTEI		2/03/11	35	9.4	4.7	8.6
WHISKEY CREEK SNOTE		2/01/11	46	13.2	6.8	11.1
WHITE MILL SNOTEL	8700	2/01/11	66	18.3	12.1	16.1
WOOD CREEK SNOTEL	5960	2/01/11	28	6.9	3.7	6.3

Montana Water Supply Outlook Report as of February 1, 2011

February 1 mountain snowpack was above average and well above last year, due to continued mountain precipitation. January mountain precipitation west of the Divide was 131 percent of average and east of the Divide was 110 percent of average.

Snowpack

The first of February is when we are at 65 percent of our seasonal snowpack maximum west of the Divide and 63 percent of our seasonal snowpack maximum east of the Divide. State-wide mountain snow water contents were 113 percent of average and 154 percent of last year. West of the Divide snowpack was 113 percent of average and 157 percent of last year and east of the Divide snowpack was 111 percent of average and 149 percent of last year.

% OF % OF	JANUARY
RIVER BASIN AVERAGE LAST YEAR	% CHANGE
COLUMBIA 113 157	. +7
KOOTENAI, MONTANA 107 142	. +6
KOOTENAY, CANADA 94 111	
FLATHEAD, MONTANA 121 159	
FLATHEAD, CANADA	
UPPER CLARK FORK 112 154	
BITTERROOT 103 183	
LOWER CLARK FORK 116 182	. +4
MISSOURI 113 142	
MISSOURI HEADWATERS 109 143	8
JEFFERSON 107 135	3
MADISON 109 154	12
GALLATIN 113 144	3
MISSOURI MAINSTEM 109 143	. +1
HEADWATERS MAINSTEM 104 117	2
SMITH-JUDITH-MUSSELSHELL . 119 125	. +2
SUN-TETON-MARIAS 93 146	. +3
MILK 233 183	
BEARPAW MOUNTAINS 203 243	. +69
CYPRESS HILLS, CANADA 257 159	
ST. MARY 108 139	. +14
ST. MARY & MILK 155 161	. +52
YELLOWSTONE 110 158	4
UPPER YELLOWSTONE 115 161	6
LOWER YELLOWSTONE 106 159	1
STATE-WIDE 113 154	. +1

Precipitation

January mountain and valley precipitation across the state was 118 percent of average and 178 percent of last year, while the water year precipitation was 111 percent of average and 131 percent of last year.

West of the Continental Divide, January mountain and valley precipitation was 131 percent of average and 213 percent of last year and the water year precipitation was 113 percent of average and 146 percent of last year. East of the Divide, January mountain and valley precipitation was 107 percent of average and 149 percent of last year and the water year precipitation was 110 percent of average and 120 percent of last year.

	JANUAR'	Y	WATER YEAR
RIVER BASIN	% OF AVE	RAGE	% OF AVERAGE
COLUMBIA	131		113
KOOTENAI	115		
FLATHEAD	140		
UPPER CLARK FORK	127		
BITTERROOT	132		
LOWER CLARK FORK	138		117
MISSOURI	106		
JEFFERSON	102		
MADISON			
GALLATIN	94		
MISSOURI MAINSTEM	123		
SMITH-JUDITH-MUSSELSHEL	L 105		
SUN-TETON-MARIAS	124		
MILK			
ST. MARY	132		
YELLOWSTONE	107		
UPPER YELLOWSTONE	98		
LOWER YELLOWSTONE	125		
STATE-WIDE	118		111

Reservoirs

Major reservoir storages state-wide were 111 percent of average and 112 percent of last year. Reservoir storage west of the Continental Divide was 136 percent of average and 105 percent of last year. East of the Continental Divide, reservoir storages were 103 percent of average and 116 percent of last year.

RIVER BASIN % C	F AVERAGE	8	OF	LAST YEAR
COLUMBIA	. 136			105
KOOTENAI				
FLATHEAD	. 124			108
UPPER CLARK FORK				105
BITTERROOT	. 147			151
LOWER CLARK FORK	. 102			99
MISSOURI	. 103			117
JEFFERSON	. 118			107
MADISON	. 111			99
GALLATIN	. 156			100
MISSOURI MAINSTEM	. 102			118
SMITH-JUDITH-MUSSELSHELL	. 144			139
SUN-TETON-MARIAS	. 110			105
MILK	. 135			
ST. MARY	. 184			187
YELLOWSTONE	. 105			95
UPPER YELLOWSTONE	. 118			
LOWER YELLOWSTONE				95
STATE-WIDE	. 111			112

Streamflow

Assuming near average precipitation, Montana streamflows are forecast to average 107 percent. West of the Continental Divide streamflows are forecast to average 112 percent. East of the Continental Divide streamflows are forecast to average 104 percent.

Below are averaged river basin streamflow forecast summaries for the period April 1 through July 31. THESE FORECASTS ASSUME NEAR NORMAL SPRING CONDITIONS AND DO NOT ACCOUNT FOR WELL BELOW AVERAGE (70% or less) OR WELL ABOVE AVERAGE (130% or more) SNOWMELT OR SPRING RAIN. Specific forecast probabilities are available in each individual River Basin Report.

			ril-d						July EAR
RIVER BASIN	ક	OF	AVEF	RAGE %	()I	Ŧ	AVE	RAGE
COLUMBIA			111						69
KOOTENAI			101						66
FLATHEAD			121						75
UPPER CLARK FORK			107						69
BITTERROOT			105						56
LOWER CLARK FORK			109						65
MISSOURI			106						68
JEFFERSON			102						57
MADISON			99						71
GALLATIN			103						74
MISSOURI MAINSTEM			102						61
SMITH-JUDITH-MUSSELSHELL .			115						84
SUN-TETON-MARIAS			97						67
MILK			148						79
ST. MARY			107						85
YELLOWSTONE			101						65
UPPER YELLOWSTONE			105						72
LOWER YELLOWSTONE			97						53
STATE-WIDE			107						68

NOTE: The APRIL-JULY LAST YEAR % OF AVERAGE column above, is what was forecast last year, not what actually occurred.

Surface Water Supply Index

SWSI RATING

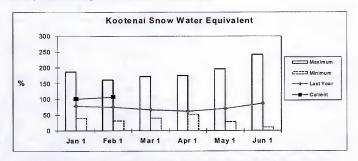
The Surface Water Supply Index (SWSI) is a measure of surface water availability for the spring and summer months. Water users that rely on mountain precipitation can use the index to evaluate seasout face water supplies. The SWSI accounts for mountain snowpack, mountain precipitation, streamflow, reservoir storage, and soil moisture.

SURFACE WATER CONDITION

	SHOT KALIM	SORPACE WATER COMBILION
	+3.0 to +4.	0 Extremely Wet
	+2.0 to +3.	
	+1.0 to +2.	
	-1.0 to +1.	
	-1.0 to -2.	.0 Slightly Dry
	-2.0 to -3.	0 Moderately Dry
	-3.0 to -4.	.0 Extremely Dry
This year	Last year	
SWSI	SWSI	Basin
+0.9	-2.9	Tobacco River
+0.7		Kootenai Ft. Steele to Libby Dam
+2.1	+0.4	Kootenai River below Libby Dam
+1.4	-3.3	Fisher River Yaak River
+0.5	-2.5	North Fork Flathead River
+1.7		Middle FORK Flathead River
+3.7	-0.3	South Fork Flathead River
+2.4		Flathead River at Columbia Falls
+3.0		Swan River
+1.7		Flathead River at Polson
+2.8	-2.6	Mission Valley
	-3.6	Little Bitterroot River
+1.4	-1.5	Clark Fork River above Milltown
+2.3	-2.5	Blackfoot River
+0.9	-2.5	Bitterroot River
+1.6	-2.1	Clark Fork River below Bitterroot River
+1.7	-2.4	Clark Fork River below Flathead River
+1.4		Beaverhead River
+1.3	-1.3 -1.1	Ruby River
+1.5 +0.1	-1.1	Big Hole River Boulder River (Jefferson)
+1.9	-0.5	Jefferson River
+0.6	-1.7	Madison River
+1.1	-1.5	Gallatin River
+0.7		Missouri River above Canyon Ferry
+0.6		Missouri River below Canyon Ferry
+2.5	-0.2	Smith River
-0.4	-2.5	Sun River
+0.7	-0.3	Teton River
+0.8	-2.4	Birch/Dupuyer Creeks
+3.3	+1.8	Upper Judith River
0.0	-1.7	Marias River above Tiber
+2.0 +2.2		Marias River below Tiber Musselshell River
+2.2		Missouri River above Ft. Peck
+0.9	-1.8	Missouri River below Ft. Peck
+1.9	-1.3	St. Mary River
+2.2	+0.3	Milk River
-0.3	-2.5	Dearborn River near Craig
+1.8	-2.8	Yellowstone River above Livingston
+2.5	-0.8	Shields River
+2.2	-2.5	Boulder River (Yellowstone)
+0.6	-2.0	Stillwater River
-0.9	-0.8	Rock/Red Lodge Creeks
+2.4	-2.7	Clarks Fork River
+1.7	-2.6	Yellowstone River above Bighorn River
-2.0	-1.7	Bighorn River below Bighorn Lake
+0.2	-2.5 -2.2	Little Bighorn River
+1.6	-2.2 -1.8	Yellowstone River below Bighorn River Tongue River
+1.3		Powder River
+1.0	+1.9	Clark Fk above Missoula
+1.6	+2.1	Canyon Ferry/Elwell
		2

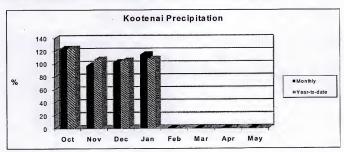
Kootenai River Basin in Montana

Snowpack conditions in the Kootenal River Basin in Montana were above average and increased 6 percent from January 1. Snow water content was 107 percent of average and 142 percent of lats year. Snow water content in the Kootenay in Canada was 94 percent of average and 111 percent of last year.



January maximum see was established in 1997 and minimum was in 1977, February maximum see was in 1987 and minimum see was in 1978, March maximum see was in 1978 and minimum see was in 1974 and minimum see was in 1975 and minimum see was in 1974 and minim

Mountain precipitation during January was 117 percent of average and 190 percent of last year. Valley precipitation during January was 100 percent of average and 189 percent of last year. Mountain and valley water year precipitation, beginning October 1, 2010, was 108 percent of average and 133 percent of alst year.



Assuming near average precipitation, February through July, the spring and early summer streamflow forecasts average 101 percent.

Lake Koocanusa storage was 155 percent of average and 102 percent of last year.

Surface Water Supply Index (SWSI) was +0.9 in the Tobacco River; +0.7 in the Kootenai Ft. Steele to Libby Dam; +2.1 in the Kootenai River below Libby Dam; +1.4 in the Fisher River; and +0.5 in the Yaak River.

KOOTENAI RIVER BASIN in Montana Streamflow Forecasts - February 1, 2011

Porecast Point	<<> Prier> Future Conditions Wetter>									
POINCABL FOIRE	Period	90% (1000AF)	70% (1000AF)	50% (1000AF) (% AVG.)		30% (1000AF)	10% (1000AF)	30-Yr Avg (1000AF)		
Tobacco R nr Eureka	APR-JUL	114	131	142	104	153	170	136		
ropacco k nr aureka .	APR-SEP	124	143	156	104	169	188	150		
Libby Reservoir Inflow (1,2)	APR-JUL	4620	5250	5530	98	5810	6440	5640		
	APR-SEP	5660	6240	6510	98	6780	7360	6640		
Fisher River nr Libby	APR-JUL	183	225	255	111	285	325	230		
Tower Wreat ur mrmbl	APR-SEP	195	240	270	110	300	345	245		
faak River nr Troy	APR-JUL	340	400	440	95	480	540	465		
idak kivei in 1109	APR-SEP	365	425	465	95	505	565	490		
Soctenai R at Leonia (1.2)	APR-JUL	5700	6540	6920	98	7300	8140	7040		
ROOTERIAL K at Leonia (1,2)	APR-SEP	6820	7620	7990	98 1	8360	9160	8120		

	RIVER BASIN in Me pe (1000 AF) - End		ary	i	KOOTENAI RIVER BASIN in Montana Watershed Snowpack Analysis - February 1, 2011					
Reservoir	Usable Capacity	*** Us This Year	able Stor Last Year	age *** 	Watershed	Number of Data Sites	This Yes	r as % of Average		
LAKE KOOCANUSA	5748.0	3721.0	3661.0	2400.9	KOOTENAY in CANADA	20	109	93		
					KOOTENAI MAINTSTEM	3	151 .	104		
					TOBACCO	3	140	115		
					FISHER	1	153	105		
					YAAK	2	122	96		
				ŀ	KOOTENAI in MONTANA	9	142	107		
					KOOTENAI ab BONNERS F	ERRY 29	121	99		

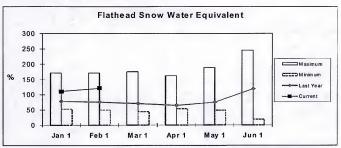
* 90%, 70%, 50%, 30%, and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the table.

The average is computed for the 1971-2000 base period.

(1) - The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.
(2) - The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.
3) - Median value used in place of average.

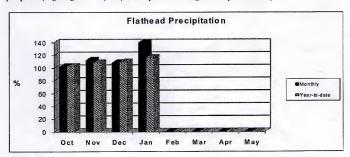
Flathead River Basin

Snowpack conditions in the Flathead River Basin in Montana were above average and increased 10 percent from January 1. Snow water content was 121 percent of average and 159 percent of last year. Flathead snow water content in Canada was 110 percent of average and 162 percent of last year.



January pastimum sew was established in 1997 and minimum was in 2001; February maximum sew was in 1997 and minimum was in 2001; Mary maximum sew was in 1997 and minimum was in 2005; Amarimum sew was in 1992 and minimum was in 2005; Amarimum sew was in 1972 and minimum was in 2005; Avenue is 1972 and minimum was in 2005; May maximum sew was in 1972 and minimum was in 1992, and June maximum sew was in 1974 and minimum was in 1992.

Mountain precipitation during January was 140 percent of average and 220 percent of last year. Valley precipitation during January was 136 percent of average and 135 percent of last year. Mountain and valley water year precipitation, beginning October 1, 2010, was 116 percent of average and 135 percent of last year.



Assuming near average precipitation, February through July, the spring and early summer streamflow forecasts average 121 percent.

Combined Camas reservoir storage was not available; Lower Jocko Lake was not available; combined Mission Valley reservoir storage was not available; Hungry Hores storage was 130 percent of average and 106 percent of last year; and Flathead Lake storage was 110 percent of average and 115 percent of last year.

Surface Water Supply Index (SWSI) was +1.9 in the North Fork Flathead River; +1.7 in the Middle Fork Flathead River; +3.7 in the South Fork Flathead River; +2.4 in the Flathead River at Columbia Falis; +3.0 in the Swan River; and +1.7 in the Flathead River at Polson; +2.8 in the Mission Valley.

FLATHEAD RIVER BASIN Streamflow Forecasts - February 1, 2011

		<<===== Drier Future Conditions Wetter Wetter Change Of Exceeding 1								
Forecast Point	Forecast Period	90% (1000AF)	70% (1000AF)	Chance Of E 50 (1000AF)		30% (1000AF)	10% (1000AF)	30-Yr Avg (1000AF)		
F Flathead R nr Columbia Falls	APR-JUL	1520	1670	1770	109	1870	2020	1620		
	APR-SEP	1710	1870	1970	109 I	2070	2230	1800		
F Flathead R nr West Glacier	APR-JUL	1480	1650	1760	111	1870	2040	1590		
	APR-SEP	1630	1800	1920	110	2040	2210	1740		
F Flathead R nr Hungry Horse	APR-JUL	1220	1350	1440	115	1530	1660	1250		
	APR-SEP	1300	1440	1530	115	1620	1760	1330		
ungry Horse Reservoir Inflow (1.2)	APR-JUL	1870	2140	2270	114	2400	2670	2000		
(-/-/	APR-SEP	1990	2280	2410	114	2540	2830	2120		
Flathead R at Columbia Falls (2)	APR-JUL	5220	5690	6000	112	6310	6780	5350		
Inches I at Columbia 10115 (1)	APR-SEP	5730	6210	6540	112	6870	7350	5820		
shlev Ck nr Marion (2)	APR-JUL	5.9	7,3	1 8.3	115	9.3	10.7	7.2		
, ,,	MARCH	0.7	1.2	1.5	142	1.8	2.3	1.1		
wan R nr Bigfork	APR-JUL	585	640	680	120	720	775	565		
-	APR-SEP	670	730	775	120	820	880	645		
lathead Lake Inflow (1.2)	APR-JUL	5680	6520	6900	112	7280	8120	6180		
	APR-SEP	6200	7090	7500	112	7910	8800	6700		
5111 Ck ab Bassoo Ck nr Niarada	APR~JUL	4.4	5.4	6.1	149	6.8	7.8	4.1		
	APR-SEP	4.9	5.9	6.6	150	7.3	8.3	4.4		
outh Crow Ck nr Ronan	APR-JUL	10.0	11.4	12.4	123	13.4	14.8	10.1		
	APR-SEP	11.5	13.1	14.2	124	15.3	16.9	11.5		
dission Ck nr St. Ignatius	APR-JUL	25	27	29	116	31	33	25		
	APR-SEP	30	33	1 35	117	37	40	30		
of Jocko R nr Arlee	APR-JUL	36	41	44	147	47	52	30		
	APR-SEP	40	45	1 49	144	53	58	34		
F Jocko R bl Tabor Feeder Canal	APR-JUL	34	37	39	126	41	44	3:		
	APR-SEP	37	40	42	127	44	47	33		

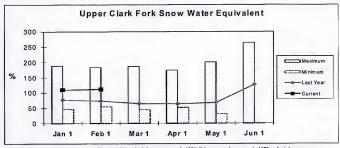
FLATE Reservoir Storage	EAD RIVER BASIN (1000 AF) - End		ary	1	FLATHEAD RIVER BASIN Watershed Snowpack Analysis - February 1						
Reservoir	Usable Capacity		Able Store Last Year	age *** 	Watershed	Number of Data Sites		r as % of Average			
CAMAS (4)		NO REPO	ORT		NF FLATHEAD in CANADA	2	162	110			
LOWER JOCKO LAKE		NO REPO	ORT		NF FLATHEAD in MONTANA	7	140	113			
MISSION VALLEY (8)		NO REPO	ORT		MIDDLE FORK FLATHEAD	5	139	100			
HUNGRY HORSE	3451.0	2889.0	2731.0	2214.7	SOUTH FORK FLATHEAD	6	170	131			
FLATHEAD LAKE	1791.0	1069.0	933.0	971.2	STILLWATER-WEITEFISH	7	148	115			
					SWAN	6	167	135			
				1	MISSION VALLEY	3	160	148			
				- }	LITTLE BITTERROOT-ASHLE	Y 4	226	132			
				ļ	JOCKO	4	195	131			
				- 1	FLATHEAD in MONTANA	30	159	121			
				- 1	FLATHEAD RIVER BASIN	32	159	120			
				- 1							

^{* 90%, 70%, 50%, 30%,} and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the table.

The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.
 The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.
 Hodian value used in place of average.

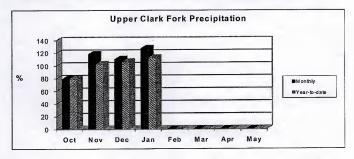
Upper Clark Fork River Basin

Snowpack conditions in the Upper Clark Fork River Basin were above average and increased 2 percent from January 1. Snow water content was 112 percent of average and 154 percent of last year.



January maximum see was established in 1997 and minimum see was in 1977; February maximum was in 1972 and minimum see was in 1975 and minimum

Mountain precipitation during January was 124 percent of average and 195 percent of last year. Valley precipitation during January was 165 percent of average and 154 percent of last year. Mountain and valley water year precipitation, beginning October 1, 2010, was 112 percent of average and 145 percent of last year.



Assuming near average precipitation, February through July, the spring and early summer streamflow forecasts average 107 percent.

East Fork Rock Creek storage was 122 percent of average and 95 percent of last year; Georgetown Lake storage was not available; Lower Willow Creek storage was not available; and Nevada Creek storage was 180 percent of average and 122 percent of last year.

Surface Water Supply Index (SWSI) was +1.4 in the Clark Fork River above Milltown; and +2.5 in the Blackfoot River.

UPPER CLARK FORK RIVER BASIN Streamflow Forecasts - February 1, 2011

		Chance Of Exceeding *								
Forecast Point	Forecast Period	90% (1000AF)	70% (1000AF)	50% (1000AF) (% AVG.)		30% (1000AF)	10% (1000AF)	30-Yr Avg (1000AF		
ittle Blackfoot R nr Garrison	APR-JUL	47	65 I	77 85	101	89 98	107 117	76 84		
	APR-SEP	53	72	85	101	90	11,	04		
lint Ck nr Southern Cross	APR-JUL	7.2	11.1	13.7	100	16.3	20	13.7		
TING ON HE DOMESTIC STATE	APR-SEP	8.0	12.9	16.2	100	19.5	24	16.2		
Tint Ck bl Boulder Ck	APR-JUL	31	46	56	100	66	81	56		
and the posterior on	APR-SEP	41	59 I	71	100	83	101	71		
over Willow Ck Reservoir Inflow (2)	APR-MAY	4.6	7.0	8.6	105	10.2	12.6	8.2		
The state of the s	APR-JUL	6.9	10.6	13.1	105	15.6	19.3	12.5		
MF Rock Ck nr Philipsburg	APR-JUL	49	59	66	103	73	83	64		
	APR-SEP	56	67	74	103	81	92	72		
Rock Ck nr Clinton	APR-JUL	199	250	285	106	320	370	270		
	APR-SEP	230	285	325	107	365	420	305		
llark Fork R ab Milltown	APR-JUL	410	555	655	108	755	900	605		
	APR-SEP	495	655	765	109 j	875	1040	705		
evada Ck nr Helmville	APR-MAY	6.3	9.6	11.8	115	14.0	17.3	10.3		
	APR-JUL	10.9	16.3	19.9	115	24	29	17.3		
Blackfoot R nr Bonner	APR-JUL	745	865	945	117	1030	1140	805		
	APR-SEP	835	965	1050	118	1140	1260	890		
lark Fork R ab Missoula	APR-JUL	1170	1420	1590	113	1760	2010	1410		
	APR-SEP	1360	1630	1810	113	1990	2260	1600		

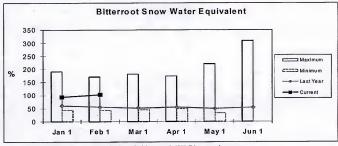
	LARK FORK RIVER BA e (1000 AF) - End	UPPER CLARK FORK RIVER BASIN Watershed Snowpack Analysis - February 1, 2011						
Reservoir	Usable Capacity	*** Usal This Year	Last Year	Avg	Watershed	Number of Data Sites	This Yea	r as % of Average
EAST FORK ROCK CREEK	15.6	11.1	11.7	9.1	CLARK FORK ab FLINT CRE	EK 10	122	106
GEORGETOWN LAKE		NO REPOR	RT	- 1	FLINT CREEK	6	126	99
LOWER WILLOW CREEK		NO REPO	RT	- 1	ROCK CREEK	3	137	99
NEVADA CREEK	12.6	8.3	6.8	4.6	CLARK FORK ab BLACKFOOT	16	130	104
				1	BLACKFOOT	13	178	121
				- 1	UPPER CLARK FORK BASIN	27	154	112
				- 1				

^{* 90%, 70%, 50%, 30%,} and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the table.

The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.
 The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.
 Hodian value used in place of average.

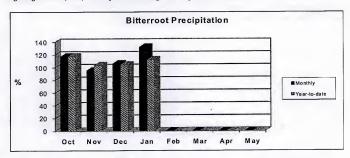
Bitterroot River Basin

Snowpack conditions in the Bitterroot River Basin were near average and increased 9 percent from January 1. Snow water content was 103 percent of average and 183 percent of last year.



January maximum two was catabilished in 1997 and minimum swe in 1977; February maximum swe was in 1972 and minimum was in 1977, March maximum swe was in 1972 and minimum swe was in 1973 and 2005; April maximum swe was in 1973 and minimum swe was in 2003; May maximum swe was in 1972 and minimum swe was in 1974 and minimum swe was in 1974 and 1975, 19

Mountain precipitation during January was 134 percent of average and 264 percent of last year. Valley precipitation during January was 98 percent of average and 151 percent of last year. Mountain and valley water year precipitation, beginning October 1, 2010, was 112 percent of average and 176 percent of last year.



Assuming near average precipitation, February through July, the spring and early summer streamflow forecasts average 105 percent.

Painted Rocks Lake storage was 176 percent of average and 178 percent of last year and Como storage was 128 percent of average and 133 percent of last year.

Surface Water Supply Index (SWSI) was +0.9 in the Bitterroot River.

BITTERROOT RIVER BASIN

Forecast Point	Forecast		Drier	- Chance Of E	Exceeding *				
	Period	90% (1000AF)	70% (1000AF)	(1000AF)	(% AVG.)	30% (1000AF)	10% (1000AF)	30-Yr Avg (1000AF	
WF Bitterroot R nr Conner (2)	APR-JUL	109	138	157	110	176	205	143	
is Bitterious & Hr conner (2)	APR-SEP	119	151	173	110	195	225	157	
Sitterroot R nr Darby	APR-JUL	330	415	1 475	103	535	620	460	
recorded to the board	APR-SEP	385	470	530	103	590	675	515	
Como Reservoir Inflow (2)	APR-JUL	69	76	81	104	86	93	78	
	APR-SEP	73	80	85	104	90	97	82	
Bitterroot R nr Missoula	APR-JUL	970	1150	1270	102	1390	1570	1250	
	APR-SEP	1070	1260	1390	102	1520	1710	1370	

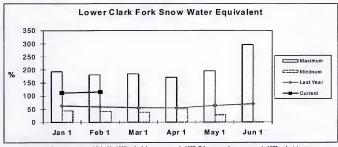
BITTERROOT Reservoir Storage (1000	RIVER BASIN AF) - End	BITTERROOT RIVER BASIN Watershed Snowpack Analysis - February 1, 2011						
Reservoir	Usable Capacity	*** Usable This Year	e Storage Last Year	Avg	Watershed	Number of Data Sites		r as % of Average
PAINTED ROCKS LAKE	31.7	12.3	6.9	7.0	WEST FORK BITTERROOT	2	194	111
COMO	34.9	13.6	10.2	10.6	EAST SIDE BITTERROOT	3	193	110
				į	WEST SIDE BITTERROOT	3	180	99
					BITTERROOT RIVER BASIN	7	183	103

^{* 90%, 70%, 50%, 30%,} and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the table.

The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.
 The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.
 Median value used in place of average.

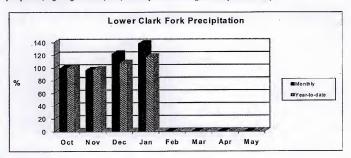
Lower Clark Fork River Basin

Snowpack conditions in the Lower Clark Fork River Basin were above average and increased 4 percent from January 1. Snow water content was 116 percent of average and 182 percent of last year.



January maximum swe was established in 1997 and minimum swe was in 1977; February maximum swe was in 1972 and minimum swe was in 1973, March maximum swe was in 1973 and minimum was in 2005; April maximum swe was in 1972 and minimum swe was in 2005 May maximum swe was in 1972 and minimum swe was in 1907, and minimum swe was in 1974 and minimum swe was in 1974 and minimum swe was in 1974 and minimum swe was in 1974. Average is for the period 1971 through 2000.

Mountain precipitation during January was 140 percent of average and 266 percent of last year. Valley precipitation during January was 125 percent of average and 215 percent of last year. Mountain and valley water year precipitation, beginning October 1, 2010, was 117 percent of average and 170 percent of last year.



Assuming near average precipitation, February through July, the spring and early summer streamflow forecasts average 109 percent.

Noxon Rapids storage was 102 percent of average and 99 percent of last year.

Surface Water Supply Index (SWSI) was +1.6 in the Clark Fork River below Bitterroot River and +1.7 in the Clark Fork River below Flathead River.

LOWER CLARK FORK RIVER BASIN Streamflow Forecasts - February 1, 2011

		1	Drier			Wetter		
Forecast Point	Forecast Period	90% (1000AF)	70% (1000AF)	50 (1000AF)		30% (1000AF)	10% (1000AF) [30-Yr Avg (1000AF)
Clark Fork R bl Missoula	APR-JUL	2210	2620	2900	109	3180	3590	2660
	APR-SEP	2490	2930	3230	109	3530	3970	2960
Clark Fork R at St. Regis (1)	APR-JUL	2770	3500	3830	109	4160	4890	3520
	APR-SEP	3140	3910	4260	109	4610	5380	3910
Clark Fork R nr Plains (1,2)	APR-JUL	8910	10500	11200	111	11900	13500	10100
	APR-SEP	9870	11500	12300	111	13100	14700	11100
Thompson R nr Thompson Falls	APR-JUL	168	205	230	112	255	290	205
	APR-SEP	193	235	260	113	285	325	230
Prospect Ck at Thompson Falls	APR-JUL	95	112	123	106 I	134	151	116
	APR-SEP	102	119	131	106 I	143	160	124
Clark Fork at Whitehorse Rpds (1,2)	APR-JUL	9800	11500	12300	109	13100	14800	11300
	APR-SEP	10900	12700	13500	108	14300	16100	12500

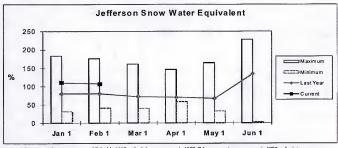
LOWER CLARK FORK RIVER BASIN Reservoir Storage (1000 AF) - End of January						WER CLARK FORK RIVER BASIN d Snowpack Analysis - February 1, 2011			
Reservoir	Usable Capacity	*** Usa This Year	ble Stora Last Year	ge *** Avg	Watershed	Number of Data Sites		r as % of Average	
NOXON RAPIDS	335.0	316.8	321.5	310.9	LOWER CLARK FORK BAS:	N 8	182	116	

^{* 90%, 70%, 50%, 30%,} and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the table.

The values listed under the 10% and 50% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.
 The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.
 Median value used in place of swerage.

Jefferson River Basin

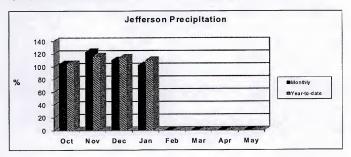
Snowpack conditions in the Jefferson River Basin were above average and decreased 3 percent from January 1. Snow water content was 107 percent of average and 135 percent of last year.



Jamasay maximum swe was established in 1997 and minimum swe was in 1977, February maximum swe was in 1997 and minimum was in 1977, March maximum swe was in 1972 and minimum was in 1977, April maximum swe was in 1974 and minimum was in 1977, May maximum swe was in 1974 and minimum was in 1977, and June maximum swe was in 1978 and minimum was in 1977; and June maximum swe was in 1982 and minimum in 1987.

Average is for the period 1971 through 2000.

Mountain precipitation during January was 104 percent of average and 137 percent of last year. Valley precipitation during January was 24 percent of average and 19 percent of last year; Mountain and valley water year precipitation, beginning October 1, 2010, was 110 percent of average and 133 percent of last year.



Assuming near average precipitation, February through July, the spring and early summer streamflow forecasts average 102 percent.

Lima storage was 147 percent of average and 121 percent of last year; Clark Canyon storage was 113 percent of average and 103 percent of last year; and Ruby River storage was 104 percent of average and 109 percent of last year.

Surface Water Supply Index (SWSI) was +1.4 in the Beaverhead River; +1.3 in the Ruby River; +1.5 in the Big Hole River; +0.1 in the Boulder River; and +1.9 for the Jefferson River.

JEFFERSON RIVER BASIN Streamflow Forecasts - February 1, 2011

	1	<<====================================	Drier				>>	
Forecast Point	Forecast Period	90% (1000AF)	70% (1000AF)	= Chance Of E 50 (1000AF)	* * (% AVG.)	30% (1000AF)	10% (1000AF)	30-Yr Avg (1000AF)
Lima Reservoir Inflow (2)	APR-JUL	56	76	89	93	102	122	96
	APR-SEP	62	84	1 100	96	116	138	104
Clark Canvon Reservoir Inflow (2)	APR-JUL	35	87	122	93	157	210	131
	APR-SEP	54	111	149	96	187	245	156
Beaverhead R at Barretts (2)	APR-JUL	35	108	158	94	210	280	168
	APR-SEP	48	134	192	96	250	335	200
Ruby R Reservoir Inflow (2)	APR-JUL	66	81	92	110	103	118	84
	APR-SEP	78	96	108	107	120	138	101
Big Hole R at Wisdom	APR-JUL	70	111	138	114	165	205	121
	APR-SEP	73	116	146	112	176	220	130
Big Hole R nr Melrose	APR-JUL	530	650	730	120	810	930	610
	APR-SEP	565	695	785	119 !	875	1000	660
Jefferson R nr Twin Bridges (2)	APR-JUL	595	790	925	118	1060	1250	785
	APR-SEP	625	850	1 1000	114	1150	1370	880
Roulder R nr Roulder	APR-JUL	39	55	66	85	77	93	78
	APR-SEP	42	59	71	84	83	100	85
Willow Ck Reservoir Inflow (2)	APR-JUL	4.8	11.2	15.6	87	20	26	17.9
	APR-SEP	5.7	12.6	17.4	87	22	29	20
Jefferson R nr Three Forks (2)	APR-JUL	455	680	830	106	980	1210	780
	APR-SEP	495	745	915	106	1090	1340	860

JEFFERS Reservoir Storage (1	ON RIVER BASIN	1	JEFFERS Watershed Snowpac		ary 1, 2011			
Reservoir	Usable Capacity	*** Usal This Year	ble Storag	Avg	Watershed	Number of Data Sites	This Yea	r as % of Average
LIMA	84.0	50.0	41.2	34.0	BEAVERHEAD	8	152	116
CLARK CANYON	255.6	159.4	154.4	141.1	RUBY	5	117	97
RUBY RIVER	38.8	24.6	22.5	23.7	BIGHOLE	10	143	112
				- 1	BOULDER	8	118	100
				- !	JEFFERSON RIVER BASIN	26	135	107

^{* 90%, 70%, 50%, 30%,} and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the table.

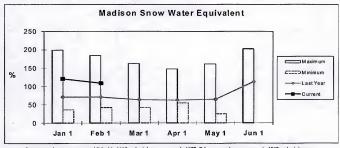
^{(1) -} The values listed under the 10% and 50% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.

(2) - The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.

(3) - Median value used in place of average.

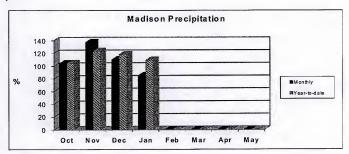
Madison River Basin

Snowpack conditions in the Madison River Basin were above average and decreased 12 percent from January 1. Snow water content was 109 percent of average and 154 percent of last year.



Jamasy maximum swe was established in 1997 and minimum swe was in 1977; February maximum swe was in 1997 and minimum was in 1977, Mari maximum swe was in 1997 and minimum was in 1977, April maximum swe was in 1997 and minimum was in 1977, April maximum swe was in 1997 and minimum swin 1977; and June maximum swe was in 1995 and minimum in 1987 and 2001. Average is for the pricol 1971 through 2000.

Mountain and valley precipitation during January was 85 percent of average and 121 percent of last year. Mountain and valley water year precipitation, beginning October 1, 2010, was 109 percent of average and 138 percent of last year.



Assuming near average precipitation, February through July, the spring and early summer streamflow forecasts average 99 percent.

Ennis Lake storage was 89 percent of average and 94 percent of last year and Hebgen Lake storage was 113 percent of average and 100 percent of last year.

Surface Water Supply Index (SWSI) was +0.6 for the Madison River.

MADISON RIVER BASIN Streamflow Forecasts - February 1, 2011

Forecast Point	Forecast	i "	Drier -	= Future Co Chance Of F		-	Wetter	>>	
Porecast Point	Period	90% (1000AF)	70% (1000AF)	(1000AF)			30% (1000AF)	10% (1000AF)	30-Yr Avg (1000AF
Hebgen Reservoir Inflow (2)	APR-JUL APR-SEP	320 410	360 460	390 495	99 98		420 530	460 580	395 505
Ennis Reservoir Inflow (2)	APR-JUL APR-SEP	520 650	610 i 755 i	670 825	99 97	1	730 895	820 1000	680 850

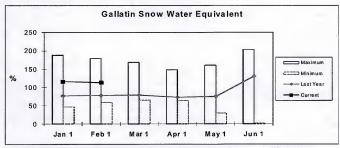
Res		IVER BASIN AF) - End	of Janua	ry	1	MADISON Watershed Snowpack	RIVER BASI Analysis -		, 2011
Reservoir		Usable Capacity	*** Usa This Year	ble Storage Last Year	Avg	Watershed	Number of Data Sites	This Yea	
ENNIS LAKE	, and the same of	41.0	27.8	29.6	31.3	MADISON aby HEBGEN LAKE	6	180	114
HEBGEN LAKE		377.5	301.9	302.3	266.5	MADISON blw HEBGEN LAKE	8	137	105
						MADISON RIVER BASIN	14	154	109

^{* 90%, 70%, 50%, 30%,} and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the table.

The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.
 The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.
 Hedian value used in place of evergence.

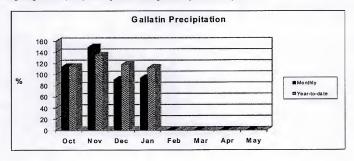
Gallatin River Basin

Snowpack conditions in the Gallatin River Basin were above average and decreased 3 percent from January 1. Snow water content was 113 percent of average and 144 percent of last year.



January maximum swe was established in 1997 and minimum swe was in 1966; February maximum swe was in 1997 and minimum was in 1977, March maximum swe was in 1997 and minimum was in 1978 maximum swe was in 1997 and minimum was in 1978, May maximum swe was in 1979 and minimum was in 1987, May maximum swe was in 1970 and minimum in 1987, May maximum swe was in 1975 and minimum in 2001. Average is for the period 1971 of through 2000.

Mountain precipitation during January was 96 percent of average and 128 percent of last year. Valley precipitation during January was 65 percent of average and 70 percent of last year; Mountain and valley water year precipitation, beginning October 1, 2010, was 112 percent of average and 131 percent of last year.



Assuming near average precipitation, February through July, the spring and early summer streamflow forecasts average 103 percent.

Middle Creek storage was 156 percent of average and 100 percent of last year.

Surface Water Supply Index (SWSI) was +1.1 for the Gallatin River.

GALLATIN RIVER BASIN Streamflow Forecasts - February 1, 2011

Forecast Point	Forecast	<<	Drier ===	= Future Co = Chance Of E		Wetter		
TOTAL TOTAL	Period	90% (1000AF)	70% (1000AF)	50 (1000AF)	(% AVG.)	30% (1000AF)	10% (1000AF)	30-Yr Avg. (1000AF)
Gallatin R nr Gateway	APR-JUL APR-SEP	360 420	415 485	I 455 I 530	103	495 575	550 640	440 515
Byalite Reservoir Inflow (2)	APR-JUL APR-SEP	18.2 21	20 23	22 25	100 100	24 27	26 29	22 25
Gallatin R at Logan	APR-JUL APR-SEP	355 415	455 530	525 605	106 106	595 680	695 795	495 570

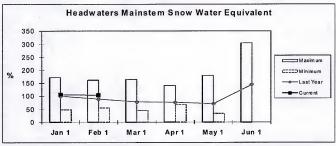
Reservoir S	GALLATIN RIVER BASIN torage (1000 AF) - End	GALLATIN RIVER BASIN Watershed Snowpack Analysis - February 1, 2011						
Reservoir	Usable Capacity	*** Usabl This Year	e Storage Last Year	*** Avg	Watershed	Number of Data Sites		r as t of Average
MIDDLE CREEK	10.2	6.7	6.7	4.3	UPPER GALLATIN	4	161	114
				1	HYALITE	2	124	100
				1	BRIDGER	2	132	120
				1	GALLATIN RIVER BASIN	8	144	113

^{* 90%, 70%, 50%, 30%,} and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the

^{(1) -} The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.
(2) - The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.
(3) - Median value used in place of average to

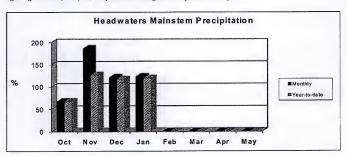
Missouri Mainstem River Basin

Snowpack conditions in the Headwaters Missouri Mainstem River Basin were slightly above average and increased 1 percent from January 1. Snow water content was 109 percent of average and 143 percent of last year.



Jamany maximum sew was established in 1997 and minimum sew in 1977; Pebruary maximum sew was in 1972 and minimum sew was in 1976 and was in 1977 and minimum sew was in 1976 and minimum sew was in 1976 and minimum sew was in 1976 and minimum sew was in 1966 and 2005; May maximum sew was in 1963 minimum sew was in 1967 and minimum sew was in 1976 and minimum sew was in 1972 and minimum sew was

Mountain precipitation during January was 111 percent of average and 154 percent of last year. Valley precipitation during January was 146 percent of average and 80 percent of last year. Mountain and valley water year precipitation, beginning October 1, 2010, was 119 percent of average and 103 percent of last year.



Assuming near average precipitation, February through July, the spring and early summer streamflow forecasts average 102 percent.

Canyon Ferry Lake storage was 96 percent of average and 96 percent of last year; Helena Valley storage was 130 percent of average and 116 percent of last year; Lake Helena storage was 77 percent of average and the 98 percent of last year; Hauser & Helena storage was 110 percent of average and 97 percent of last year; Holter Lake storage was 102 percent of average and 99 percent of last year; and Fort Peck Lake storage was 103 percent of average and 121 percent of last year.

Surface Water Supply Index (SWSI) was +0.7 in the Missouri River above Canyon Ferry; +0.6 in the Missouri River below Canyon Ferry; -0.3 in the Dearbora River near Craig; +1.0 in the Missouri River above Fort Peck; and +0.9 in the Missouri River below Fort Peck.

MISSOURI MAINSTEM RIVER BASIN Streamflow Forecasts - February 1, 2011

				Future Co			>>	
Forecast Point	Forecast Period	90% (1000AF)	70% (1000AF)	" Chance Of E 50 (1000AF)		30% (1000AF)	10% ((1000AF)	30-Yr Avg (1000AF
Missouri R at Toston (2)	APR-JUL	1510	1890	2150	105	2410	2790	2050
	APR-SEP	1730	2200	2510	105	2820	3290	2390
Dearborn R nr Craig	APR-JUL	51	78	96	79	114	141	121
	APR-SEP	56	85	104	83	123	152	125
Missouri R at Fort Benton (2)	APR-JUL	21 60	2740	3140	105	3540	4120	2990
	APR-SEP	25 60	3280	3750	105	4220	4940	3570
Missouri R nr Virgelle (2)	APR-JUL	2490	3160	3620	105	4080	4750	3450
	APR-SEP	2910	3720	4260	105	4800	5610	4060
Missouri R nr Landusky (2)	APR-JUL	2660	3380	1 3870	105	4360	5080	3690
	APR-SEP	3130	3980	1 4560	105	5140	5990	4350
Missouri R bl Fort Peck Dam (2)	APR-JUL	2780	3500	4000	107	4500	5220	3740
	APR-SEP	3200	4070	4640	107	5210	6080	4330
Lake Sakakawea Inflow (2)	APR-JUL	7010	8910	1 10200	105	11500	13400	9740
	APR-SEP	8080	10300	1 11800	105	13300	15400	11200

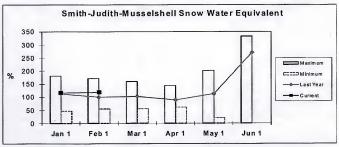
MISSOURI P Reservoir Storage	GAINSTEM RIVER (1000 AF) - End				MISSOURI MAINSTEM RIVER BASIN Watershed Snowpack Analysis - February 1, 2011				
Reservoir	Usable Capacity		able Stor Last Year	age *** Avg	Watershed	Number of Data Sit		Year as % of Yr Average	
CANYON FERRY LAKE	2043.0	1517.0	1586.0	1576.1	HEADWATERS MAINSTEM	8	117	104	
HELENA VALLEY	9.2	5.7	4.9	4.4	SMITH-JUDITH-MUSSELS	SHELL 10	125	119	
LAKE HELENA	12.7	10.0	10.2	13.0	SUN-TETON-MARIAS	7	146	93	
HAUSER & HELENA	74.6	69.3	71.3	63.2	MAINSTEM ab FT PECK	RES 24	130	105	
HOLTER LAKE	81.9	80.7	81.3	79.4	MILK RIVER BASIN	9	183	233	
FORT PECK LAKE	18910.0	15280.0	12610.0	14887.0	MISSOURI MAINSTEM B	ASIN 32	136	123	

^{* 90%, 70%, 50%, 30%,} and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the

- The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.
 The value is natural volume actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.
 * Modian value used in place of average.

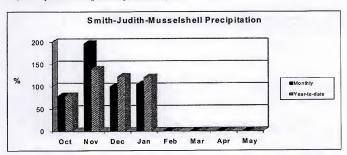
Smith-Judith-Musselshell River Basins

Snowpack conditions in the Smith-Judith-Musselshell River Basins were at above and increased 2 percent from January 1. Snow water content in the Smith River Basin was 114 percent of average and 132 percent of last year; the Judith River Basin was 128 percent of average and 119 percent of last year; and the Musselshell River Basin was 116 percent of average and 135 percent of last year.



January maximum swe was established in 1973 and minimum swe in 1988; February maximum swe was in 1978 and minimum swe in 1987, the maximum swe was in 1978 and minimum swe was in 1979 and minimum swe was in 1970 and minimum swe was in 1970 and minimum swe was in 1970 and minimum swe was in 1973, and May maximum swe was in 1970 and minimum swe was in 1973, and May maximum swe was in 1970 and minimum swe was in 1978 and m

Mountain and valley precipitation during January in the Smith-Belts was 103 percent of average and 176 percent of last year; in the Judith was 105 percent of average and 128 percent of last year; and in the Musselshell was 108 percent of average and 101 percent of last year. Mountain and valley water year precipitation, beginning October 1, 2010, was 120 percent of average and 104 percent of last year.



Assuming near average precipitation, February through July, the spring and early summer streamflow forecasts average 115 percent.

Smith River storage was 127 percent of average and 116 percent of last year; Bair storage was 153 percent of average and 131 percent of average; Ackley storage was 125 percent of average and 98 percent of last year; Martinsdale storage was 179 percent of average and 97 percent of last year; and Deadman's Basin 139 percent of average and 168 percent of fast year.

Surface Water Supply Index (SWSI) was +2.5 in the Smith River; +3.3 in the Upper Judith River, and +2.2 in the Musselshell River.

SMITH-JUDITH-MUSSELSHELL RIVER BASINS Streamflow Forecasts - February 1, 2011

Forecast Point	<<								
Forecast Point	Period	90% (1000AF)	70% (1000AF)	(1000AF)		30% (1000AF)	10% ((1000AF)	30-Yr Avg. (1000AF)	
Sheep Ck nr White Sulphur Springs	APR-JUL APR-SEP	13.0 15.8	16.2 19.5	18.4	108 110	21 25	24 28	17.1 20	
Smith R b1 Eagle Ck (2)	APR-JUL	77	109	130	98 i	151	183	133	
	APR-SEP	87	123	148	99 i	173	210	149	
NF Musselshell R nr Delpine	APR-JUL	3.6	4.9	5.7	124	6.5	7.8	4.6	
	APR-SEP	4.2	5.6	6.6	122	7.6	9.0	5.4	
SF Musselshell R ab Martinsdale	APR-JUL	29	48	61	117	74	93	52	
	APR-SEP	31	51	65	116	79	99	56	
Musselshell R at Harlowton (2)	APR-JUL	36	69	91	118	113	146	77	
	APR-SEP	37	71	95	117	119	153	81	
Musselshell R nr Roundup (2)	APR-JUL	49	77	123	124	169	235	99	
	APR-SEP	50	80	125	123	170	235	102	

SMITH-JUDITH- Reservoir Storage	MUSSELSHELL RIVE (1000 AF) - End	- 1	SMITH-JUDITH-MUSS Watershed Snowpack					
Reservoir	Usable Capacity	*** Usa This Year	ble Stora Last Year	ge *** Avg	Watershed L	Number of ata Sites		r as % of Average
SMITH RIVER	10.6	8.0	6.9	6.3	SMITH	6	132	114
ACKLEY LAKE	7.0	4.0	4.1	3.2	HIGHWOOD	2	128	119
BAIR	7.0	5.5	4.2	3.6	JUDITH	4	119	128
MARTINSDALE	23.1	18.1	18.7	10.1	MUSSELSHELL	3	135	115
DEADMAN'S BASIN	72.2	65.1	38.7	46.8	SMITH-JUDITH-MUSSELSHELI	, 10	125	119

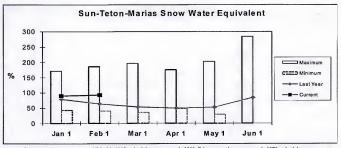
^{* 90%, 70%, 50%, 30%,} and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the

The average is computed for the 1971-2000 base period.

The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.
 The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.
 * Median value used in place of everage.

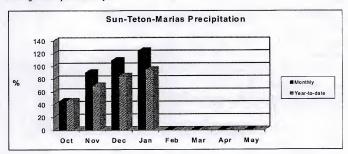
Sun-Teton-Marias River Basins

Snowpack conditions in the Sun-Teton-Marias River Basins were below average and increased 3 percent from January 1. Snow water content in the Sun River Basin was 108 percent of average and 163 percent of last year; in the Teton River Basin was 96 percent of average and 150 percent of last year; and in the Marias River Basin was 89 percent of average and 141 percent of last year.



January maximum seve use stablished in 1997 and minimum seve as in 1988; February maximum seve as in 1972 and minimum seve use in 2005. May maximum seve use in 2072 and minimum seve use in 2072 and 1972 and minimum seve use in 2072 an

Mountain and valley precipitation during January in the Sun was 138 percent of average and 367 percent of last year; in the Teton was 137 percent of average and 225 percent of last year; and in the Marias was 118 percent of average and 226 percent of last year. Mountain and valley water year precipitation, beginning October 1, 2010, was 94 percent of average and 109 percent of last year.



Assuming near average precipitation, February through July, the spring and early summer streamflow forecasts average 97 percent.

Gibson storage was 34 percent of average and 66 percent of last year; Fishkun storage was 119 percent of average and 101 percent of last year; Willow Creek storage was 83 percent of average and 73 percent of last year; Lower Two Medicine Lake storage was 41 percent of average and 90 percent of last year; Four Horas Lake storage was 105 percent of average and 313 percent of last year; Swift storage was 77 percent of average and 73 percent of last year; Lake Frances storage was 108 percent of average and 104 percent of last year.

Surface Water Supply Index (SWSI) was -0.4 in the Sun River; +0.7 in the Teton River; +0.8 in the Birch/Dupuyer Creeks; 0.0 in the Marias River above Tiber, and +2.0 in the Marias below Tiber.

SUN-TETON-MARIAS RIVER BASINS Streamflow Forecasts - February 1, 2011

		<<====================================	Drier	= Future Co			>>>	
Forecast Point	Forecast				xceeding * ==			
	Period	90%	70% I	50		30% (1000AF)	10% (1000AF)	30-Yr Avg. (1000AF)
		(1000AF)	(1000AF)	(1000AF)	(% AVG.)	(1000AF)	(1000AF)	(IOOONE)
Gibson Reservoir Inflow (2)	APR-JUL	305	360	400	87	440	495	460
	APR-SEP	340	400	440	87	480	540	505
Two Medicine R nr Browning (2)	APR-JUL	145	170	187	91	205	230	205
-	APR-SEP	156	182	199	93	215	240	215
Badger Ck nr Browning	APR-JUL	59	76	87	101	98	115	86
	APR-SEP	65	83	95	100	107	125	95
Swift Reservoir Inflow (2)	APR-JUL	47	58	66	103	74	85	64
	APR-SEP	57	69 I	78	101	87	99	77
Dupuyer Ck nr Valier	APR-JUL	3.1	10.2	15.0	107	19.8	27	14.0
	APR-SEP	3.7	11.5	16.8	107	22	30	15.7
Cut Bank Ck nr Browning	APR-JUL	49	63	73	95	83	97	77
	APR-SEP	54	69	79	94	89	104	84
Marias R nr Shelby (2)	APR-JUL	220	330 1	400	96	470	580	415
	APR-SEP	215	330	405	92	480	595	440
Feton R nr Dutton	APR-JUL	18.8	29	47	92	65	93	51
	APR-SEP	22	34	54	92	74	103	59

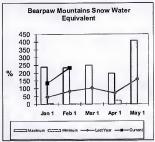
SUN-TETON-M Reservoir Storage (1	ARIAS RIVER BA 000 AF) - End		- 1	SUN-TETON Watershed Snow	-MARIAS RIVER D ack Analysis -		1, 2011	
Reservoir	Usable Capacity	Capacity This La			Watershed	Number of	This Year as % of	
	1	Year	Year	Avg		Data Sites	Last Yr	Average
GIBSON	99.1	15.6	23.5	45.8	SUN	2	163	108
PISHKUN	32.0	21.2	21.0	17.8	TETON	3	150	96
WILLOW CREEK	32.2	18.5	25.5	22.4	MARIAS	4	141	89
LOWER TWO MEDICINE LAKE	11.9	3.6	4.0	8.8	SUN-TETON-MARIAS	7	146	93
FOUR HORNS LAKE	19.2	12.5	4.0	11.9				
SWIFT	30.0	12.0	16.4	15.5				
LAKE FRANCES	112.0	72.1	43.8	66.8				
LAKE ELWELL (TIBER)	1347.0	753.5	724.9	635.5				

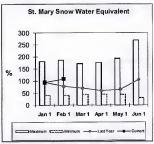
^{* 90%, 70%, 50%, 30%,} and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the

The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.
 The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.
 Eddian value used in place of average.

St. Mary and Milk River Basins

Snow water content in the Saint Mary River was 108 percent of average and 139 percent of last year. Snow water content in the Bearpaw Mountains was 203 percent of average and 283 percent of last. Snow water content for the Cypress Hills in Canada was 257 percent of average and 159 percent of last year.

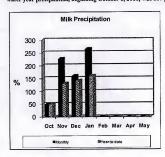


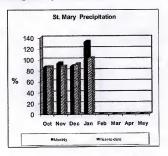


Beergaw - January maximum sew was established in 1978 and minimum sew was in 1981; February maximum sew was 1978 and minimum sew was 1975, March maximum sew was 1978 and minimum was we sex 2005, April maximum sew was 1978 and minimum sew was 2005, April maximum sew was 1978 and minimum sew was in 1973, 1983, and 1986; May maximum sew was 1975 and the minimum, 0.0, has occurred in several years. Average is for the period 1971 through 2000.

St. May. - Insuary maximum, see was established in 1997 and minimum see was in 1985; February maximum see was in 1972 and minimum see was in 2001; March maximum see was in 1972 and minimum, see was in 2005; April maximum see was in 1967 and minimum see was in 2005; April maximum see was in 1967 and minimum see was in 1967 and minimum see was in 1978; and june maximum see was in

Mountain and valley precipitation in the St. Mary River Basin during January was 132 percent of average and 277 percent of last year; and in the Milk River Basin during January was 264 percent of average and 215 percent of last year. Mountain and valley water year precipitation, beginning October 1, 2010, was 117 percent of average and 130 percent of last year.





Assuming near average precipitation, February through July, the spring and early summer streamflow forecasts in the St. Mary should average 107 percent and in the Milk should average 148 percent.

Lake Sherburne storage was 184 percent of average and 187 percent of last year; Fresno storage was 127 percent of average and 168 percent of last year; Beaver Creek storage was not available; and Nelson storage was 148 percent of average and 113 percent of last year.

Surface Water Supply Index (SWSI) was +1.9 in the St. Mary River and +2.2 in the Milk River.

ST. MARY and MILK RIVER BASINS Streamflow Forecasts - February 1, 2011

Forecast Point	Forecast	>>						
Forecast Point	Period	90% (1000AF)	70% (1000AF)	50 (1000AF)		30% (1000AF)	10% (1000AF)	30-Yr Avg (1000AF)
ake Sherburne Inflow (2)	APR-JUL APR-SEP	95 112	104 121	110 127	105	116 133	125 142	105 122
	APR-SEP	112	121	127	104	233	142	122
St. Mary R nr Babb (2)	APR-JUL	335	375	405	105	435	475	385
	APR-SEP	400	440	470	104	500	540	450
St. Mary R at Int'l Boundary (2)	APR-JUL	380	440	480	110	520	580	435
	APR-SEP	455	515	555	108	595	655	515
filk R at Western Crossing (3)	MAR-JUL	28	39	47	115	55	66	41
	MAR-SEP	29	41	50	116	59	71	43
	APR-JUL	24	32	38	115	44	52	33
	APR-SEP	26	35	41	114	47	56	36
filk R at Eastern Crossing (2,3)	MAR-JUL	39	77	102	122	127	165	83
	MAR-SEP	44	83	110	125	137	176	88
	APR-JUL	26	53	72	119	91	118	61
	APR-SEP	33	61	81	117	101	129	69
seaver Ck nr Havre	MAR-JUL	13.9	17.4	19.8	206	22	26	9.6
	APR-JUL	6.6	11.9	17.7	203	26	48	8.7

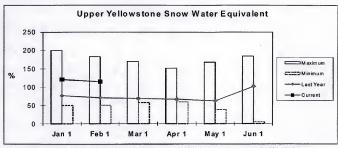
	and MILK RIVER BA	- 1	ST. MARY and MILK RIVER BASINS Watershed Snowpack Analysis - February 1, 2011					
Reservoir	Usable Capacity	*** Usal This Year	le Storaç Last Year	je *** Avg	Watershed	Number of Data Sites	This Yea	r as % of Average
LAKE SHERBURNE	64.3	48.5	25.9	26.4	ST. MARY	2	139	108
FRESNO	127.0	63.5	37.7	50.1	BEARPAW MOUNTAINS	3	243	203
BEAVER CREEK		NO REPOR	RT		CYPRESS HILLS, CANADA	6	159	257
NELSON	66.8	50.6	44.8	34.2	MILK RIVER BASIN	8	183	233
				- 1	ST. MARY & MILK BASINS	11	161	155

^{* 90%, 70%, 50%, 30%,} and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the table.

^{(1) -} The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.
(2) - The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.
(3) - Modian value used in place of average.

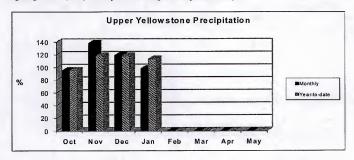
Upper Yellowstone River Basin

Snowpack conditions in the Upper Yellowstone River Basin were above average and decreased 6 percent from January 1. Snow water content was 115 percent of average and 161 percent of last year.



January maximum swe was etablished in 1997 and minimum swe was in 1988; February maximum swe was in 1919 and minimum swe was in 2019, April maximum swe was in 1907 and minimum swe was in 2001; April maximum swe was in 1907 and minimum swe was in 2001; Mayr maximum swe was in 1987 and minimum swe was in 2001; May maximum swe was in 2001; May maximum swe was in 2001; Mayr maximum swe was in 2001; Mayr maximum swe was in 2001; Mayr maximum swe was in 2001 and minimum swe was in 2001.

Mountain precipitation during January was 102 percent of average and 174 percent of last year. Valley precipitation during January was 44 percent of average and 54 percent of last year. Mountain and valley water year precipitation, beginning October 1, 2010, was 113 percent of average and 144 percent of last year.



Assuming near average precipitation, February through July, the spring and early summer streamflow forecasts average 105 percent.

Mystic Lake storage was 122 percent of average and 128 percent of last year and Cooney storage was 117 percent of average and 108 percent of last year.

Surface Water Supply Index (SWSI) was +1.8 in the Yellowstone River above Livingston; +2.5 in the Shields River; +2.2 in the Boulder River; +0.6 in the Stillwater River; -0.9 in the Rock/Red lodge Creeks; +2.4 in the Clarks Fork River; and +1.7 in the Yellowstone River above Bighton River.

UPPER YELLOWSTONE RIVER BASIN Stroamflow Forecasts - February 1, 2011

		<<====================================	Drier	- Future Co	nditions	Wetter	********	
Forecast Point	Forecast Period	90% (1000AF)	70% (1000AF)	Chance Of E		30% (1000AF)	10% (1000AF)	30-Yr Avg (1000AF
Yellowstone R at Yellowstone Lake	APR-JUL APR-SEP	550 725	615 805	655 860	111	695 915	760 995	590 805
Yellowstone R at Corwin Springs	APR-JUL APR-SEP	1640 1910	1790 2090	 1900 2220	115 I 113 I	2010 2350	2160 2530	1650 1970
Yellowstone R at Livingston	APR-JUL APR-SEP	1850 2150	2040 2380	 2170 2530	114 111	2300 2680	2490 2910	1900 2280
Shields R nr Livingston	APR-JUL APR-SEP	87 94	133 144	 165 179	114 111	197 215	245 265	145 162
Boulder R at Big Timber	APR-JUL APR-SEP	255 270	295 320	1 1 325 1 350	114 111	355 380	395 430	285 315
West Rosebud Ck nr Roscoe (2)	APR-JUL APR-SEP	50 64	55 71	I I 58 I 75	97 I 97 I	61 79	66 86	60 77
Stillwater R nr Absarokee (2)	APR-JUL APR-SEP	375 445	435 515	I I 475 I 560	96 I 96 I	515 605	575 675	495 585
Clarks Fk Yellowstone R nr Belfry	APR-JUL APR-SEP	540 600	595 655	I 630 I 695	117 117	665 735	720 790	540 595
Cooney Reservoir Inflow (2)	APR-JUL APR-SEP	12.6	24 32	i i 31 i 40	66 I	38	49 59	47
Cellowstone R at Billings	APR-JUL APR-SEP	2960 3300	3410 4010	I 3720 I 4370	106 106	4030 4730	4480 5450	3510 4120

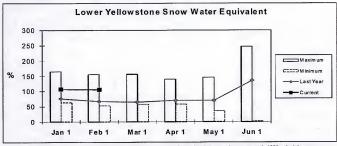
			i	UPPER YELLOWS Watershed Snowpack			1, 2011	
		This	Last	1	Watershed D	Number of ata Sites	This Yea	r as % of Average
	21.0	7.8	6.1	6.4	YELLOWSTONE ab LIVINGSTO	N 15	173	116
	27.4	18.2	16.8	15.6	SHIELDS	4	132	118
				- 1	BOULDER-STILLWATER	3	156	121
				- 1	RED LODGE-ROCK CREEK	2	97	81
				- 1	CLARK'S FORK	7	167	116
					UPPER YELLOWSTONE BASIN	27	161	115
	Morran San	Usabie Capacity 21.0 27.4	Usable *** Usab Capacity This Year 21.0 7.6 27.4 18.2	Usable *** Usable Storage Capacity This Last Year Year 21.0 7.8 6.1 27.4 18.2 16.8	Usable *** Usable Storage *** Capacity This Last	Usable *** Usable Storage *** Capacity This Last Vaterabed Day Capacity This Last Ca	Usable *** Usable Storage *** Waterahed of Capacity This Last Waterahed of Data Sites	Usable *** Usable Storage *** Watershed Number of Capacity This Last Vatershed Of Data Sites Last Yr

^{* 90%, 70%, 50%, 30%,} and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the table.

The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.
 The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.
 Median value used in place of average.

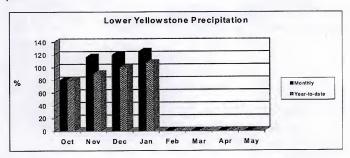
Lower Yellowstone River Basin

Snowpack conditions in the Lower Yellowstone River Basin were above average and decreased 1 percent from January 1. Snow water content was 106 percent of average and 159 percent of last year.



January, maximum sew eas established in 1997 and minimum sew was in 2000; February maximum sew was in 1997 and minimum sew was in 1907 and minimum sew was in 2001; April maximum sew was in 1988 and minimum sew was in 2001; April maximum sew was in 1988 and minimum sew was in 1988 and minimum sew was in 1995 and minimum sew was in 1995 and minimum sew was in 1981; and June maximum sew was in 1995 and minimum sew was in 1995 and minimum sew was in 1981; and June maximum sew was in 1995 and minimum sew was in 2001. As we was in 2001, and was in

Mountain and valley precipitation during January was 125 percent of average and 221 percent of last year. Mountain and valley water year precipitation, beginning October 1, 2010, was 107 percent of average and 138 percent of last year.



Assuming near average precipitation, February through July, the spring and early summer streamflow forecasts average 97 percent.

Bighorn Lake storage was 101 percent of average and 94 percent of last year and Tongue River storage was 228 percent of average and 106 percent of last year.

Surface Water Supply Index (SWSI) was -2.0 in the Bighorn River below Bighorn Lake; +0.2 in the Little Bighorn River; 0.0 in the Yellowstone River below Bighorn River; +1.6 in the Tongue River; and +1.3 in the Powder River.

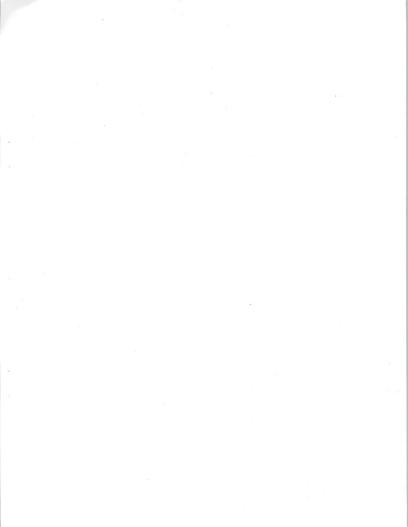
LOWER YELLOWSTONE RIVER BASIN

		<<	Drier	- Future Co	onditions ==	Wetter	>>	
Forecast Point	Forecast Period	90% (1000AF)	70% (1000AF)	= Chance Of X 50 (1000AF)	Exceeding * = 0%	30% (1000AF)	10% (1000AF)	30-Yr Avg (1000AF
Bighorn R nr St. Xavier (2)	APR-JUL	985	1350	1 1600	99 I	1850	2210	1610
	APR-SEP	1050	1460	1 1730	98 I	2000	2410	1760
Little Bighorn R nr Hardin	APR-JUL APR-SEP	54 62	83 94	102 115	80 I	121 136	150 168	128 144
Tongue R nr Dayton (2)	APR-JUL	59	77	1 90	94	103	121	96
	APR-SEP	69	89	1 102	94	115	135	109
Big Goose Ck nr Sheridan	APR-JUL	30	41	1 49	94 I	57	68	52
	APR-SEP	37	49	1 57	95 I	65	77	60
Little Goose Ck nr Bighorn	APR-JUL APR-SEP	21 28	28 36	33	97 I 98 I	38 46	45 54	34 42
Tongue River Reservoir Inflow (2)	APR~JUL	98	162	205	93 I	250	310	220
	APR~SEP	118	185	230	92 I	275	340	250
Yellowstone R at Miles City (2)	APR-JUL	4200	4960	5470	102	5980	6740	5360
	APR-SEP	4720	5750	6340	102	6930	7970	6210
Powder R at Moorhead	APR-JUL APR-SEP	110 132	169 193	 210 235	102 102	250 275	310 340	205 230
Powder R nr Locate	APR-JUL APR-SEP	116 132	190 210	240 265	102 I	290 320	365 400	235 260
Cellowstone R nr Sidney (2)	APR-JUL	4210	50 60	1 5640	103	6220	7070	5480
	APR-SEP	4820	57 60	1 6460	103	7160	8100	6280

	OWER YELLOWSTONE RIVER E Storage (1000 AF) - End		ry	- 1	LOWER YELLOW Watershed Snowpack				
Reservoir	Usable Capacity	*** Usa This Year	Last Year	ge *** Avg	Watershed	Number of Data Sites		r as % of Average	
BIGHORN LAKE	1356.0	870.5	922.8	859.5	WIND RIVER (Wyoming)	20	155	100	
TONGUE RIVER	79.1	51.7	48.9	22.7	SHOSHONE RIVER (Wyoming	j) 6	166	104	
				- 1	BIGHORN RIVER (Wyoming)	20	166	111	
				- 1	LITTLE BIGHORN (Wyoming	j) 3	148	108	
					TONGUE RIVER (Wyoming)	10	143	105	
				- 1	POWDER RIVER (Wyoming)	9	152	112	
				- 1	LOWER YELLOWSTONE BASIN	ī (48	159	106	

^{* 90%, 70%, 50%, 30%,} and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the table.

The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.
 The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.
 Modian value used in place of average.





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